

The Guthrie Daily Leader.

ENTERED AT THE POST-OFFICE AT GUTHRIE, OK., AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION: HARRISON AVENUE.

VOL. 1.

GUTHRIE, OKLAHOMA, TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1893.

NO. 236.

WEAKY OF THE FIGHT

DR. GRAVES COMMITTS SUICIDE
IN HIS PRISON CELL.

CLAIMS HE WAS HURLED TO DEATH

Tragedy Sealed in the Great Barabaz
Murder Mystery - a Letter to His
Wife and the Public His History
Altogether His Story -
Worth a Thousand Words.
His Own Story.

Denver, Col., Sept. 4.—Dr. T. Thacher Graves, the convicted possessor of Mrs. Josephine Barnaby, committed suicide in his cell in the county jail yesterday night, presumably by taking poison. He was found still and cold in death Sunday morning by the "buddy" who has been caring for him. On his person was found the following letter:

My dear wife, I am writing this letter to you from my prison cell. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you.

The paper was quite cold when found. No direct evidence of suicide was visible, but the above letter tells the story. There were also letters to Mrs. Graves, wife of the doctor; to Judge Graves, and an address to the public. That the prisoner had long contemplated taking his own life is evident from the date of the letter, August 1st.

Another letter was addressed to the jailer. It read as follows:
I am writing this letter to you from my prison cell. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you.

The letter which Dr. Thacher Graves wished given to the public is lengthy, and is as follows:
My dear wife, I am writing this letter to you from my prison cell. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you.

My dear wife, I am writing this letter to you from my prison cell. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you.

My dear wife, I am writing this letter to you from my prison cell. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you.

My dear wife, I am writing this letter to you from my prison cell. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you.

My dear wife, I am writing this letter to you from my prison cell. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you.

My dear wife, I am writing this letter to you from my prison cell. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you.

My dear wife, I am writing this letter to you from my prison cell. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you.

My dear wife, I am writing this letter to you from my prison cell. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you.

My dear wife, I am writing this letter to you from my prison cell. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you.

My dear wife, I am writing this letter to you from my prison cell. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you.

My dear wife, I am writing this letter to you from my prison cell. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you. I am in a very weaky state of mind, but I must write to you.

CLOTURE IN SIGHT.

MR. VOORHEES THREATENS
THE SILVER SENATORS.

WANTS A VOTE ON REPEAL BILL.

The Silver Men Hold a Conference and Decide to Bring the Debate as Long as Possible. Mr. Voorhees Introduces a New Substitution - Scheme - The Road Working on the Rules.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—A warning was given in the United States senate Saturday that cloture might be applied to force the senate to a vote on the repeal bill. The warning was given by Mr. Voorhees of Indiana, chairman of the finance committee, in the form of a notice that he would ask the senate Monday to consider a motion to begin the daily sessions at 11 o'clock each morning, instead of at noon.

"I have a sort of an old-fashioned idea," said Mr. Voorhees in giving the notice, "that we should always submit to the will of the majority and that for that reason I will ask for a vote of the senate on this proposition."

Instantly the silver senators construed this into meaning that early meeting and long sessions would be the rule and that when the speeches of the opposition should be exhausted, a demand for a vote would be made and if necessary an appeal to cloture would be made. As a result they held a hurried conference and their plan of action will be to always have a man prepared for a speech so that there may be no dangerous interval in the debate, similar to that of Friday afternoon.

The silver men will not allow a vote to be taken until they are unable to hold the floor any longer. That is the point to which the fight will finally be brought, for the men from the silver states will never consent to a vote being reached in any other way. Mr. Voorhees in his speech urged the advocates of free silver to hold on a little while longer and spoke of the improvement already going on in business throughout the country. The silver men hope that if they can delay a vote long enough the condition of the country will be sufficiently improved to weaken the demands of the people upon the senate for action and in this way they can delay the advocates of repeal to consent to some sort of a compromise.

What the free silver men seek to accomplish by delay was indicated by Mr. Voorhees in his speech. He urged the advocates of free silver to hold on a little while longer and spoke of the improvement already going on in business throughout the country. The silver men hope that if they can delay a vote long enough the condition of the country will be sufficiently improved to weaken the demands of the people upon the senate for action and in this way they can delay the advocates of repeal to consent to some sort of a compromise.

A NEW SUBTREASURY BILL.
Introduced by Mr. Peffer But Not Read - Its Provisions.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Senator Peffer of Kansas has introduced a subtreasury bill. It was not read but was referred to the committee on finance. The bill provides for the establishment of a subtreasury and for the issue of government bonds to be used for the redemption of silver.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—On the 4th inst. the committee on finance of the United States senate held a conference on the subtreasury bill introduced by Senator Peffer of Kansas. The committee was composed of Messrs. Sherman, Aldrich, and Chandler.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—On the 4th inst. the committee on finance of the United States senate held a conference on the subtreasury bill introduced by Senator Peffer of Kansas. The committee was composed of Messrs. Sherman, Aldrich, and Chandler.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—On the 4th inst. the committee on finance of the United States senate held a conference on the subtreasury bill introduced by Senator Peffer of Kansas. The committee was composed of Messrs. Sherman, Aldrich, and Chandler.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—On the 4th inst. the committee on finance of the United States senate held a conference on the subtreasury bill introduced by Senator Peffer of Kansas. The committee was composed of Messrs. Sherman, Aldrich, and Chandler.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—On the 4th inst. the committee on finance of the United States senate held a conference on the subtreasury bill introduced by Senator Peffer of Kansas. The committee was composed of Messrs. Sherman, Aldrich, and Chandler.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—On the 4th inst. the committee on finance of the United States senate held a conference on the subtreasury bill introduced by Senator Peffer of Kansas. The committee was composed of Messrs. Sherman, Aldrich, and Chandler.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—On the 4th inst. the committee on finance of the United States senate held a conference on the subtreasury bill introduced by Senator Peffer of Kansas. The committee was composed of Messrs. Sherman, Aldrich, and Chandler.

THE BOYS IN BLUE.

They Are Marching on Indianapolis to the Grand Encampment.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 4.—Indianapolis is in holiday attire to welcome the veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic and their friends. For the past three weeks the citizens' executive committee has been actively at work under an executive board composed of members of the Commercial club, making the arrangements for the greatest event in the history of the city. The completion of these arrangements has been marked by an exhibition of attention to details which has been productive of the finest and most perfect city in which the national encampment has ever been held.

TWO KILLED, FORTY INJURED.
Disastrous Street Car Accident in Cincinnati - Six Hurt Beyond Recovery.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 4.—What will perhaps prove the most disastrous street car accident that ever happened took place in this city last evening. An Avondale car packed with people dashed down a hill at frightful speed, left the track, broke a telegraph pole and shot into a saloon, wrecking both itself and the structure it struck. As a result of the collision two people are dead, six are injured beyond recovery and nearly forty more are hurt, many of them dangerously.

RESULTS OF THE TORNADO.
Fully One Thousand Lives Lost in the Storm Swept District.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 4.—Reports from the storm swept districts increase in horror. Fully 1,000 lives were lost in nearly all of the churches of Charleston collections for the sufferers from the storm and a large sum was realized. The pastors of the colored churches have called a mass meeting to raise a relief fund.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Secretary Carlisle, Speaker Crisp, Representative DeWitt, Warner of New York, Representative Hall of Missouri, and Representative Oakes of Alabama, held a conference at the treasury department looking to the repeal of the ten percent tax on state bonds.

It was one of a series of such conferences which has had this subject under consideration. President Cleveland is represented as favoring the proposition to repeal the tax. The advocates of the tax are being framed which will offset the difficulties in the way of a repeal of the tax.

The plan suggested is to repeal the tax on the bonds of the states and to issue a uniform currency printed and issued by the general government, based on the classes of safe and acceptable bonds and securities properly guaranteed by states or municipalities.

Archbishop Ireland Spoke.
CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—The world's labor congress last night was crowded. The chief attraction was an address by Archbishop Ireland. The famous archbishop was enthusiastically received and frequently his remarks were interrupted by round after round of applause.

Train Wreck at Streator.
STREATOR, Ill., Sept. 4.—On Saturday night a terrible wreck occurred in the death of two men and several others. The train was carrying a large number of passengers and was traveling at a high rate of speed when it struck a bridge.

Engels' Alleged Ambition.
TORONTO, Kan., Sept. 4.—It is said that Senator Engels will be a candidate for United States senator in 1900. He has been successful in 1896 and 1900 and is a popular figure in the state.

Compromised With Depositors.
NATASHA, Mo., Sept. 4.—It is reliably reported that the bank law of 1892 is being considered by the directors and depositors of the defunct Hartley banking company of Jarvis Springs. The directors have turned over \$12,000 to pay the depositors.

One Over to the People's Party.
DENVER, Col., Sept. 4.—The Rocky Mountain News publishes a letter from T. M. Patterson its proprietor, now in Washington, announcing its political allegiance hereafter to the People's party on account of the silver issue.

Troops Ordered to Holy.
CINCINNATI, Ind., Sept. 4.—Recent rumors of a coming war at Holy have been substantiated and the National Guard and militia companies have been ordered to rendezvous at Laporte.

Missouri Pacific Boat Burned.
BOONVILLE, Mo., Sept. 4.—The Missouri Pacific boat burned to the ground at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. It is supposed to have been set on fire by a tramp. Loss, estimated at \$1,000.

Hon. J. Proctor Knott is spoken of as a successor of Mr. Mount as Minister to Hawaii.

The Baltimore and Ohio railroad has decided upon a tender cent reduction of salaries of employees receiving more than \$150 per month.

KILLED BY BANDITS.

EXPRESS MESSENGER CHAPMAN MURDERED.

BOLD HOLD-UP ON THE 'FRISCO.

Fallen in Their Attempt to Capture Wells Fargo's Safe the Highwaymen Robbed the Passengers - All Their Fortunes Vanished. About \$1,000 in All Taken - Mound Valley, Kan., the Scene.

OSWEGO, Kan., Sept. 4.—Three men, one masked, held up 'Frisco passenger train No. 2 at Mound Valley, Kan., at 11:30 yesterday morning, shot and instantly killed Express Messenger Charles A. Chapman, robbed nearly all of the passengers and escaped. Mound Valley is a little station only fifteen miles from the Indian Territory line. The bandits are now probably safe within that retreat of outlaws.

When the train pulled into Mound Valley two of the bandits boarded the engine and one remained upon the platform. A moment later the colored porter stepped from the train to assist a lady in getting on. A Winchester was thrust into his face and he was told to throw up his hands. Instead of complying he rushed the woman into the engine and locked the door. Conductor Mills, knowing nothing of the porter's experience, came forward from a rear car and met with the same reception. He, too, refused to comply with the request to throw up his hands and ran back to the sleeper.

Meanwhile Messenger Chapman had left his car, whether to escape or to notify the passengers will never be known, for he had gone but a few yards and was discovered by the outlaws upon the engine who opened fire upon him. Only two shots were fired, but one ball from a Winchester crashed into his brain and he staggered and fell beside the track, dead.

Then the outlaws commanded the engineer to pull out and run until he was told to stop. One mile and a half down the road he was told to check up and dismounting, the men proceeded to rob the train. In killing Chapman they had shut themselves out of the Wells-Fargo safe, however, for it was locked and successfully resisted their blows with a coal pick.

Failed in their attempt to loot the safe the bandits turned their attention to the passengers. With the exception of those in the sleeper, every man and woman was robbed. Money, watches, jewelry, hats, coats, and even a bottle of whiskey was taken. It is estimated that fully \$1,000 in cash and valuables was secured. Then, leaving the train, the men disappeared in the darkness.

It is probable that they had been waiting and robbing the train for some time. The train was carrying a large number of passengers and was traveling at a high rate of speed when it was stopped.

When the train reached this place a posse was sent out and started in pursuit of the bandits. They were followed for some distance but were unable to capture them. The train was delayed for some time but was finally able to proceed.

THE EQUAL SUFFRAGISTS.
They Adopt a Platform for the Kansas Campaign of 1894.

KANSAS CITY, Kan., Sept. 4.—The Kansas equal suffrage convention has adopted the following platform:

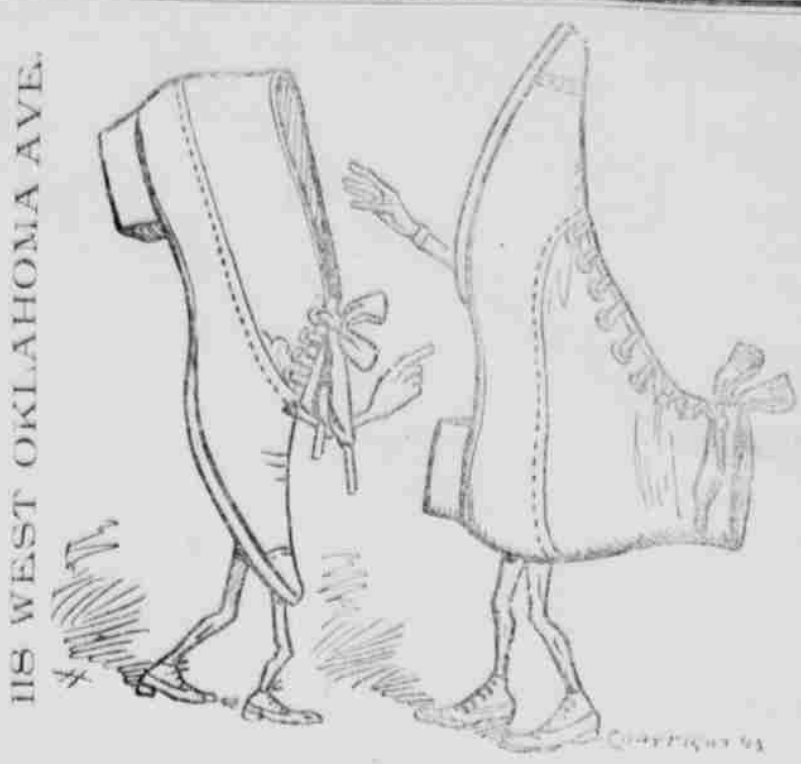
Resolved, That the women of Kansas are entitled to the same rights as men in the political, civil, and domestic spheres.

Resolved, That the women of Kansas are entitled to the same rights as men in the political, civil, and domestic spheres.

Resolved, That the women of Kansas are entitled to the same rights as men in the political, civil, and domestic spheres.

Resolved, That the women of Kansas are entitled to the same rights as men in the political, civil, and domestic spheres.

Resolved, That the women of Kansas are entitled to the same rights as men in the political, civil, and domestic spheres.



OUR SHOES TALK

and they speak volumes of irrepressible persuasion to the owners of good footwear. There is the easy brand of foot-wear—easy on the foot, easy to put on, easy to take off, easy to wear, easy to keep, easy to clean, easy to mend, easy to replace. It is the shoe that is the best of all shoes. It is the shoe that is the best of all shoes. It is the shoe that is the best of all shoes.

EISENSCHMIDT & HETSCH.

EVERYTHING IN THE DRUG STORE.

WALL PAPER AT COST.

Prescriptions Filled Day or Night.

A. C. HIXON, Prop'r.

Richmond's Second Hand Store.

New Goods at 2nd Hand Prices.

See our Gasoline Stoves they can't be beat.

Sold right DOWN LOW.

Repairing of Gasoline Stoves a specialty.

A. H. RICHMOND.

Big Collar Sashery House.